

SSDC Q&A

1、晋级赛通常一个学校要赛几次？对手是现场抽签么？

Saturday's round robin will be 4 rounds, and the out rounds on Sunday will have 4 rounds, so the final teams will compete 4 times again.

2、总共 5 个辩手，每场比赛 3 个辩手上场。这 3 个辩手如何确定---自行决定？抽签？ There are 5 debaters in total, with 3 debaters participating in each round. How are these 3 debaters selected — do we decide ourselves, or is it determined by drawing lots?

In each round, the teams decide on their own which debaters will be participating.

3、3 个上场辩手的角色如何确定---自行决定？抽签？ How are the roles of the 3 participating debaters determined — do we decide ourselves, or is it determined by drawing lots?

Before each round, the teams will decide on their own.

4、环节上还有个结辩，结辩是 3 辩结么？还是自行决定？ There is a closing statement phase. Is it always delivered by the third speaker, or can it be decided freely?

The reply speech cannot be the 3rd speaker! The final speech must be given by the 1st or 2nd speaker.

5、对选手上场的次数有没有限制？比如最多不能超过几场？可以有不上场的辩手么？ Are there any restrictions on how many times a participant can take part? For example, is there a maximum number of rounds they can participate in? Is it allowed to have team members who don't go on stage at all?

There are no restrictions, although we would encourage each speaker to participate at least once!!!

6、晋级赛通常一个学校要赛几次？对手是现场抽签么？ In the knockout rounds, how many matches does each school typically compete in? Are opponents selected by drawing lots on site?

After the first day's competition, there will be a 'break announcement.' This is when the teams that make it to the second day's out rounds (bracket) are announced. The seeding is determined by their performance during the round-robin stage on the first day, considering wins, speaker scores, and head-to-head record in order of importance.

7、从赛制环节看，没有【自由辩论】环节，但赛制解释有文字（下方），所以问答这一环节具体在现场是如何操作的？ From the competition format, there doesn't seem to be a "free debate" phase, but the explanation of the format mentions the following. So how is the Questioning Phase specifically conducted on-site?

There is no Q&A time, but rather debaters use Points of Information to ask questions. Points of information are challenges posed by the non-speaking team which the speaker can choose to

accept or reject. It is common practice to accept 1-2 points of information during a speech, otherwise there may be points deducted from engagement. A point of engagement should be a quick (<15s) question/comment meant to challenge the speaker or the speaker's team.